



SAFETY DATA SHEET

4 SECTION 1: CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name	: R-407C
Synonyms	: Difluoromethane, Pentafluoroethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane
Manufacturer/Supplier Name	: M/s GUJARAT FLUOROCHEMICALS LIMITED
Address	: Survey No 16/3, 26, 27, Ranjitnagar Pin-389 380,
	Tal. Ghoghamba, Dist. Panchmahal, Gujarat, India
Business Phone	: +91 – 2678 – 248107, 248152
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Web Site	: <u>www.gfl.co.in</u>

4 SECTION 2: COMPOSITION, INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENT NAME	CAS NUMBER	WEIGHT %
Difluoromethane (HFC-32)	75-10-5	23
Pentafluoroethane (HFC-125)	354-33-6	25
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a)	811-97-2	52

COMMON NAME and SYNONYMS

R-22; HCFC-22

There are no impurities or stabilizers that contribute to the classification of the material identified in Section 2

4 SECTION 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

CLASSIFICATION: SIGNAL WORD: HAZARD STATEMENT: SYMBOL:	Gases under pressure, Liquefied Gas WARNING Contains gas under pressure, may explode if heated	\diamond
SYMBOL: PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENT:	Gas Cylinder STORAGE: Protect from sunlight, store in a well ventilated place	V

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: Colorless, volatile liquid with ethereal and faint sweetish odor. Non-flammable material. Overexposure may cause dizziness and loss of concentration. At higher levels, CNS depression and cardiac arrhythmia may result from exposure. Vapors displace air and can cause asphyxiation in confined spaces. At higher temperatures,(>250 C), decomposition products may include Hydrofluoric Acid (HF) and carbonyl halides.

POTENTIAL HEALTH HAZARDS

SKIN: Irritation would result from a defatting action on tissue. Liquid contact could cause frostbite.

EYES: Liquid contact can cause severe irritation and frostbite. Mist may irritate.

INHALATION: R-407C is low in acute toxicity in animals. When oxygen levels in air are reduced to 12-14% by displacement, symptoms of asphyxiation, loss of coordination, increased pulse rate and deeper respiration will occur. At high levels, cardiac arrhythmia may occur.

INGESTION: Ingestion is unlikely because of the low boiling point of the material. Should it occur, discomfort in the gastrointestinal tract from rapid evaporation of the material and consequent evolution of gas would result. Some effects of inhalation and skin exposure would be expected.

DELAYED EFFECTS: None known.

NFPA Classification: Health - 2, Flammability - 1, Reactivity - 0

4 SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

SKIN: Promptly flush skin with water until all chemical is removed. If there is evidence of frostbite, bathe (do not rub) with lukewarm (not hot) water. If water is not available, cover with a clean, soft cloth or similar covering. Get medical attention if





symptoms persist.

EYES: Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes (in case of frostbite water should be lukewarm, not hot) lifting eyelids occasionally to facilitate irrigation. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.

INHALATION: Immediately remove to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Use oxygen as required, provided a qualified operator is available. Get medical attention. Do not give epinephrine (adrenaline).

INGESTION: Ingestion is unlikely because of the physical properties and is not expected to be hazardous. Do not induce vomiting unless instructed to do so by a physician.

ADVICE TO PHYSICIAN: Because of the possible disturbances of cardiac rhythm, catecholamine rugs, such as epinephrine, should be used with special caution and only in situations of emergency life support. Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical conditions

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES

 FLASH POINT:
 Gas,

 FLASH POINT METHOD:
 Not a

 AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE:
 Unknown for mixture

 UPPER FLAME LIMIT (volume % in air):
 Non

 LOWER FLAME LIMIT (volume % in air):
 Non

 *Base

FLAME PROPAGATION RATE (solids): OSHA FLAMMABILITY CLASS: Gas, not applicable per DOT regulations Not applicable kture None* *Based on ASHRAE Standard 34 with match ignition Not applicable Not applicable

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Use any standard agent - choose the one most appropriate for type of surrounding fire (material itself is not flammable)

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

R-407C is not flammable at ambient temperatures and atmospheric pressure. However, this material will become combustible when mixed with air under pressure and exposed to strong ignition sources. Contact with certain reactive metals may result in formation of explosive or exothermic reactions under specific conditions (e.g. very high temperatures and/or appropriate pressures).

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PRECAUTIONS/INSTRUCTIONS:

Firefighters should wear self-contained, NIOSH-approved breathing apparatus for protection against possible toxic decomposition products. Proper eye and skin protection should be provided. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

4 SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

IN CASE OF SPILL OR OTHER RELEASE: (Always wear recommended personal protective equipment.) Evacuate unprotected personnel. Product dissipates upon release. Protected personnel should remove ignition sources and shut off leak, if without risk, and provide ventilation. Unprotected personnel should not return to the affected area until air has been tested and determined safe, including low-lying areas.

Spills and releases may have to be reported to Federal and/or local authorities. See Section 15 regarding reporting requirements

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE SECTION

NORMAL HANDLING: (Always wear recommended personal protective equipment.) Avoid breathing vapors and liquid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Do not puncture or drop cylinders, expose them to open flame or excessive heat. Use authorized cylinders only. Follow standard safety precautions for handling and use of compressed gas cylinders. R-407C should not be mixed with air above atmospheric pressure for leak testing or any other purpose.

STORAGE RECOMMENDATIONS:

Store in a cool, well-ventilated area of low fire risk and out of direct sunlight. Protect cylinder and its fittings from physical damage. Storage in subsurface locations should be avoided. Close valve tightly after use and when empty.

INCOMPATIBILITIES:

Freshly abraded aluminum surfaces at specific temperatures and pressures may cause a strong exothermic reaction. Chemically





reactive metals: potassium, calcium, powdered aluminum, magnesium, and zinc.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS, PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

Provide local ventilation at filling zones and areas where leakage is probable. Mechanical (general) ventilation may be adequate for other operating and storage areas.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

SKIN PROTECTION:

Skin contact with refrigerant may cause frostbite. General work clothing and gloves (leather) should provide adequate protection. If prolonged contact with the liquid or gas is anticipated, insulated gloves constructed of PVA, neoprene or butyl rubber should be used. Any contaminated clothing should be promptly removed and washed before reuse.

EYE PROTECTION:

For normal conditions, wear safety glasses. Where there is reasonable probability of liquid contact, wear chemical safety goggles.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

None generally required for adequately ventilated work situations. For accidental release or non -ventilated situations, or release into confined space, where the concentration may be above the PEL of 1,000 ppm, use a self-contained, NIOSH-approved breathing apparatus or supplied air respirator. For escape: use the former or a NIOSH-approved gas mask with organic vapor canister.

ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS:

Where contact with liquid is likely, such as in a spill or leak, impervious boots and clothing should be worn. High dose-level warning signs are recommended for areas of principle exposure. Provide eyewash stations and quick-drench shower facilities at convenient locations. For tank cleaning operations, see OSHA regulations, 29 CFR 1910.132 and 29 CFR 1910.133.

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES

INGREDIENT NAME	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	OTHER LIMIT
Difluoromethane	None	None	*1000 ppm TWA (8hr)
Pentafluoroethane	None	None	*1000 ppm TWA (8hr)
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	None	None	*1000 ppm TWA (8hr)

Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (AIHA)

OTHER EXPOSURE LIMITS FOR POTENTIAL DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

Hydrogen Fluoride: ACGIH TLV: 2 ppm ceiling, 0.5 TLV-TWA

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROERTIES

APPEARANCE: PHYSICAL STATE: MOLECULAR WEIGHT:	Clear, colorless liquid and vapor Gas at ambient temperatures 86.2
CHEMICAL FORMULA:	CH ₂ F ₂ , CF ₃ CHF ₂ , CH ₂ FCF ₃
ODOR:	Faint ethereal odor
SPECIFIC GRAVITY (water = 1.0):	1.16 @ 21.1 C (70 F)
SOLUBILITY IN WATER (weight %)	Unknown
pH:	Neutral
BOILING POINT:	-43 C (-45.4 F)
FREEZING POINT:	Not determined
VAPOR PRESSURE:	156.2 psia @ 70 F
	356.7 psia @ 130 F
VAPOR DENSITY (air = 1.0):	3.0
EVAPORATION RATE:	>1 COMPARED TO: CC1 ₄ = 1
% VOLATILES:	100
ODOR THRESHHOLD:	Not established
FLAMMABILITY:	Not applicable
LEL/UEL:	None/None
RELATIVE DENSITY:	1.16 g/cm3 at 21.1 C





PARTITION COEFF (noctanol/water) **AUTO IGNITION TEMP:** DECOMPOSITION **TEMPERATURE:** >250°C **VISCOSITY:** FLASH POINT

Not applicable Not Determined

Not applicable Not Applicable

(Flash point method and additional flammability data are found in Section 5.)

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

NORMALLY STABLE? (CONDITIONS TO AVOID):

The product is stable.

Do not mix with oxygen or air above atmospheric pressure. Any source of high temperature, such as lighted cigarettes, flames, hot spots or welding may yield toxic and/or corrosive decomposition products.

INCOMPATIBILITIES:

(Under specific conditions: e.g. very high temperatures and/or appropriate pressures) - Freshly abraded aluminum surfaces (may cause strong exothermic reaction). Chemically active metals: potassium, calcium, powdered aluminium, magnesium & zinc

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

Halogens, halogen acids and possibly carbonyl halides.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

Will not occur

4 SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

IMMEDIATE (ACUTE) EFFECTS:

HFC-32: LC₅₀: Inhalation 4 hr. (rat) - 520,000 ppm / Cardiac Sensitization threshold (dog) 350,000 ppm HFC-125: LC₅₀ : Inhalation 4 hr. (rat) - > 800.000 ppm / Cardiac Sensitization threshold (dog) 75.000 ppm HFC-134a: LC₅₀: Inhalation 4 hr. (rat) - > 500,000 ppm / Cardiac Sensitization threshold (dog) > 80,000 ppm

DELAYED (SUBCHRONIC AND CHRONIC) EFFECTS:

HFC-32:	Teratogenic NOEL (rat and rabbit) – 50,000 ppm
	Subchronic inhalation (rat) NOEL – 50,000 ppm
HFC-125:	Teratogenic NOEL (rat and rabbit) – 50,000 ppm
	Subchronic inhalation (rat) NOEL - > 50,000 ppm
	Chronic NOEL – 10,000 ppm
HFC-134a:	Teratogenic NOEL (rat and rabbit) – 40,000 ppm
	Subchronic inhalation (rat) NOEL – 50,000 ppm
	Chronic NOEL – 10,000 ppm

REPEATED DOSE TOXICITY:

Lifetime inhalation exposure of male rats was associated with a small increase in salivary gland fibrosarcomas. **OTHER DATA:**

HFC-32, HFC-125, HFC-134a: Not active in four genetic studies

FURTHER INFORMATION:

Acute effects of rapid evaporation of the liquid may cause frostbite. Vapors are heavier than air and can displace oxygen causing difficulty breathing or suffocation. May cause cardiac arrhythmia.

POTENTIAL HEALTH HAZARDS

SKIN: Irritation would result from a defatting action on tissue. Liquid contact could cause frostbite.

EYES: Liquid contact can cause severe irritation and frostbite. Mist may irritate.

INHALATION: R-407C is low in acute toxicity in animals. When oxygen levels in air are reduced to 12-14% by displacement, symptoms of asphyxiation, loss of coordination, increased pulse rate and deeper respiration will occur. At high levels, cardiac arrhythmia may occur.

INGESTION: Ingestion is unlikely because of the low boiling point of the material. Should it occur, discomfort in the gastrointestinal tract from rapid evaporation of the material and consequent evolution of gas would result. Some effects of inhalation and skin exposure would be expected.

DELAYED EFFECTS: None known.

Ingredients found on one of the OSHA designated carcinogen lists are listed below. **INGREDIENT NAME** NTP STATUS

IARC STATUS

OSHA LIST





No ingredients listed in this section

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Degradability (BOD):R-407C is a gas at room temperature; therefore, it is unlikely to remain in water ter.Octanol Water Partition Coefficient:Unknown for mixture

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

<u>RCRA</u>

Is the unused product a RCRA hazardous waste if discarded? If yes, the RCRA ID number is: OTHER DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS:

Disposal must comply with federal, state, and local disposal or discharge laws. R-407C is subject to U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Clean Air Act Regulations Section 608 in 40 CFR Part 82 regarding refrigerant recycling. The information offered here is for the product as shipped. Use and/or alterations to the product such as mixing with other materials may significantly change the characteristics of the material and alter the RCRA classification and the proper disposal method

4 SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

US DOT ID NUMBER: US DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME: US DOT HAZARD CLASS: US DOT PACKING GROUP: UN3340 Refrigerant gas R 407C 2.2 Not applicable

For additional information on shipping regulations affecting this material, contact the information number found in Section 1.

4 SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT (TSCA)

TSCA INVENTORY STATUS: Components listed on the TSCA inventory

OTHER TSCA ISSUES: Subject to Section 12(b) export notification. May contain 0-10 ppm Ethane, 2-chloro-1,1,1-trifluoro, CAS# 75-88-7

SARA TITLE III / CERCLA

"Reportable Quantities" (RQs) and/or "Threshold Planning Quantities" (TPQs) exist for the following ingredients.

INGREDIENT NAME

No ingredients listed in this section

Spills or releases resulting in the loss of any ingredient at or above its RQ requires immediate notification to the National Response Center [(800) 424-8802] and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee. SECTION 311 HAZARD CLASS: IMMEDIATE PRESSURE

SARA 313 TOXIC CHEMICALS:

The following ingredients are SARA 313 "Toxic Chemicals".

INGREDIENT NAME

No ingredients listed in this section

CAS numbers and weight percents are found in Section 2.

COMMENT

STATE RIGHT-TO-KNOW

In addition to the ingredients found in Section 2, the following are listed for state right-to-know purposes.

INGREDIENT NAME

WEIGHT %

SARA / CERCLA RQ (Ib.)

<u>COMMENT</u>

SARA EHS TPQ (lb.)

No ingredients listed in this section ADDITIONAL REGULATORY INFORMATION:

R-407C is subject to U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Clean Air Act Regulations at 40 CFR Part 82. **WARNING: Do not vent** to the atmosphere. To comply with provisions of the U.S. Clean Air Act, any residual must be recovered.

Contains Pentafluoroethane (HFC-125), Difluoromethane (HFC-32), and Tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a), greenhouse gases which may contribute to global warming.

Not a hazardous waste. Not applicable.



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This product has been evaluated in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

FOREIGN INVENTORY STATUS: EU – EINECS # 2065578 – HFC-125 2008394 – HFC-32 223770 – HFC-134a NFPA Classification: Health – 2, Flammability – 1, Reactivity – 0

SECTION – 16 : ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

References:Not available.Other Special Considerations:Not available.Created:27/06/201711:30 hrsLast Updated:27/06/201711:30 hrsFurther Information:11:30 hrs

The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the Composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no Warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.